Introduced by Assembly Member Chavez

February 18, 2003

An act to amend, repeal, and add Section 7205 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation, to take effect immediately, tax levy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 553, as introduced, Chavez. Local sales and use taxes: concrete: point of sale.

The Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law authorizes counties and cities to impose sales and use taxes pursuant to the adoption of local ordinances. That law requires, if a retailer has more than one place of business in the state, that the places at which the sales of that retailer are consummated for purposes of a local sales tax be determined in accordance with rules and regulations of the State Board of Equalization.

This bill would specify, for purposes of applying a local sales tax imposed under the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law to any sale of concrete by a concrete batch plant, that the point of sale, if the principal negotiations for that sale are conducted in this state and the retailer has more than one place of business in the state, is the place where the concrete is manufactured. These provisions would be repealed on January 1, 2005.

This bill would require the Legislative Analyst to report to the Legislature on specified subjects relating to allocation of local sales taxes.

This bill would take effect immediately as a tax levy, but would specify that it would become operative on the first day of the first AB 553 — 2 —

calendar quarter commencing more than 90 days after the effective date of this bill.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 7205 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

- 7205. (a) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part, all retail sales are consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his or her agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. The gross receipts from those sales shall include delivery charges, when those charges are subject to the state sales and use tax, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.
- (b) (1) In the event a retailer has no permanent place of business in the state or has more than one place of business, the place or places at which the retail sales are consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part shall, subject to paragraph (2) paragraphs (2) and (3), be determined under rules and regulations to be prescribed and adopted by the board.
- (2) In the case of a sale of jet fuel, the place at which the retail sale of that jet fuel is consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part is the point of the delivery of that jet fuel to the aircraft, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The principal negotiations for the sale are conducted in this state.
 - (B) The retailer has more than one place of business in the state.
- (3) In the case of a sale of concrete by a concrete batch plant, the place at which the retail sale of that concrete is consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part is the point of the manufacture of that concrete at the batch plant from which delivery of the concrete is made to the end-use customer, if both of the following conditions are met:

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1 (A) The principal negotiations for the sale are conducted in this 2 state.

- (*B*) The retailer has more than one place of business in the state.
- (c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2005, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2005, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 2. Section 7205 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 7205. (a) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part, all retail sales are consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his or her agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. The gross receipts from those sales shall include delivery charges, when those charges are subject to the state sales and use tax, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.
- (b) (1) In the event a retailer has no permanent place of business in the state or has more than one place of business, the place or places at which the retail sales are consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part shall, subject to paragraph (2), be determined under rules and regulations to be prescribed and adopted by the board.
- (2) In the case of a sale of jet fuel, the place at which the retail sale of that jet fuel is consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by an ordinance adopted pursuant to this part is the point of the delivery of that jet fuel to the aircraft, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The principal negotiations for the sale are conducted in this state.
 - (B) The retailer has more than one place of business in the state.
 - (c) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2005.
- SEC. 3. The Legislative Analyst, with the assistance of the State Board of Equalization, shall submit a report to the Legislature by December 31, 2003, that addresses the following issues:
- (a) The fiscal implications for local governments of changing the allocation of local sales tax revenues from a system based on point of negotiation to one based on point of delivery, for sales of

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items delivered in California but outside the county in which the retailer is located.

- (b) To the extent data is available, the nature and frequency of revenue-sharing agreements between retailers and local taxing jurisdictions.
- (c) The types of businesses with multiple distribution locations within California that are typically known to place service burdens, including environmental problems, on the jurisdictions in which they are located.
- SEC. 4. This act provides for a tax levy within the meaning of 10 Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. 11 12 However, this act shall become operative on the first day of the
- calendar quarter commencing more than 90 days after the effective
- date of this act.

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